



ESTABLISHED 1978



GREEN GIANT CEDAR

HEDGING

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Planting Instructions

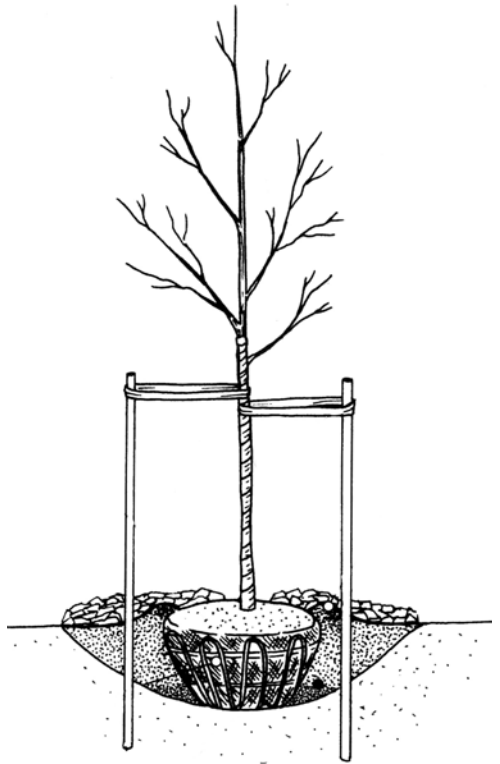
Here at Cedar Rim Nursery, we recommend you follow these steps to properly plant your landscape plants. It is most important that you select a location that meets the plant's needs for light exposure, soil moisture and drainage.

Site Preparation

Plants added to your landscape will grow best when planted in native soil or in soil that is uniform in structure and texture throughout the rooting area. Cedar Rim recommends that if you amend your soil, do so for a large area such as an entire landscape bed, not just a planting hole.

To amend large areas, place two to four inches of organic matter over the entire area. Work the organic material into the soil to a depth of six inches or more. Suggested amendments include compost, processed steer manure and peat moss. Thoroughly mix fertilizer into the amended soil. Cedar Rim recommends bone meal and sea soil as soil amendments.

If your soil does not drain well, consider creating a berm by mounding an enlarged planting area. To accomplish this, re-grade the area, add topsoil, and add compost so the root ball of the landscape plant is above the previous grade. When adding topsoil, work some into the top four to six inches of native soil before adding more.



Planting hole

Dig a planting hole that is twice as wide and only as deep as the plant's root ball or container. Place the plant in the hole so that the top of the root ball is at, or slightly above, the surrounding soil. (Never place the tree deeper than its original soil height.)

Tips for Success Planting Hedges

Choose the Right Variety

Consider height & spread as well as maintenance requirements. Ensure you are selecting a variety that is appropriate for your sunlight exposure and soil conditions.

Prepare the Soil

Before planting, amend the soil with compost or a soil blend rich in organic matter such as the Home & Garden Tree + Shrub Mix to improve fertility and drainage.



Planting Depth

Dig a hole or trench that is twice the width of root ball & the same depth. This helps the roots spread more easily.

Avoid planting too deep; the root ball should sit at or slightly above ground level.

Watering

Water thoroughly after planting to settle the soil around the roots. Keep the soil moist but not waterlogged during the first growing season. Soaker hoses are a great low maintenance alternative to hand watering.

Once established, most varieties will become fairly drought tolerant but will thrive with regular watering during periods of hot, dry weather.

Mulching

Apply a 2-3" layer of mulch around the base of each tree to retain moisture and regulate soil temperature. Keep the mulch a few inches away from the trunk to avoid rot.



Pruning and Shaping

Prune mid-late summer once spring growth has slowed. Trim the top and sides to maintain a consistent shape and size. Avoid cutting into the older, woody parts of the hedge.

Fertilizing

Apply a balanced, slow-release fertilizer in early spring such as the Home & Garden Tree, Shrub & Hedge Food.



With these tips, you'll be on your way to creating beautiful and functional hedge!

Yews (Taxus)



Hicksii

Full shade to full sun
Moderate growth rate
H:10-12' x W:3-4'
Spacing: 2-2.5'

Dense, upright growth habit. A sturdy variety that is well regarded for its glossy dark green needles & bright red berries in late summer. Drought tolerant.



HM Eddie

Full shade to full sun
Moderate growth rate
H:10-12' x W:3'

Vigorous once established. Narrow, upright form with finely textured with short, blue-green needles. Minimal pruning required. Does not produce berries. Drought tolerant.



Hillii

Full shade to full sun
Slow growth rate
H:8' x W:3-4'

Slow growing, compact variety. Short, deep green needles are tightly bunched providing a dense, full appearance. Does not produce berries. Drought tolerant.



Stonehenge

Full shade to full sun
Fast growth rate
H:8-10' x W:2-4'

Fast growing, upright variety. Short, dark green needles held on upright ascending branches. Minimal pruning required. Produces a light crop of berries in late summer. Drought tolerant.

Laurels



English Laurel

Full shade to full sun

Fast growth rate

H:15-20' x W:10-15'

Spacing: 3'

Exceptionally fast growing & able to adapt to a wide range of soil conditions. Can be managed in size with trimming. Drought tolerant.



Genolia

Full shade to full sun

Fast growth rate

H:12' x W:3-4'

Spacing: 2-3'

The fast growing, columnar nature of this variety makes it an ideal selection for screening in narrow spaces. Dark green, narrow leaves held on rigid upright stems. Cold hardy and drought tolerant. Minimal pruning required. Drought tolerant.



Portuguese Laurel

Part shade to full sun

Fast growth rate

H:12-15' x W:4-6'

Spacing: 3'

Easily maintained as a smaller hedge with seasonal trimming. Fast growth rate and strong drought tolerance. Small, dark green leaves held on burgundy-red stems provide a tidy, compact appearance.



Russian Laurel

Full shade to full sun

Moderate growth rate

H:8-10' x W:4-6'

Spacing: 3'

The most cold hardy laurel variety. Dense foliage and compact, upright growth habit. Minimal pruning required. Similar to Genolia but with a slower growth rate and broader habit. Drought tolerant.

Cedars



Emerald Green Cedar

Part shade to full sun
Moderate growth rate
H:15' x W:3-4'
Spacing: 2'

The most commonly planted cedar hedge. Narrow, pyramidal form with dense, bright green foliage. Minimal pruning required. Can be maintained in size by trimming seasonally. Performs best in full sun with regular watering in the summer.



'Excelsa' Western Red Cedar

Part shade to full sun
Fast growth rate
H:30-35' x W:10-15'
Spacing: 3-5'

Exceptionally fast growing. Adaptable to a range of soil conditions and drought tolerant once established. Can be sheared into a dense, squared hedge and maintained in size with pruning once to twice per season. Ideal selection for larger garden spaces where fast screening is desired.



'Green Giant' Western Red Cedar

Part shade to full sun
Fast growth rate
H:25-30' x W:8-10'
Spacing: 3-5'

A more compact alternative to the Excelsa Western Red Cedar. Finely textured bright green foliage. Fast growing with a dense, pyramidal growth habit. Can be maintained in size with trimming once to twice per season. Drought tolerant once established.



Degroots Spire Cedar

Part shade to full sun

Slow growth rate

15-20' x 3'

Slow growing variety of cedar with a narrow, upright form. Dense, uniquely textured foliage. The most narrow form of cedar we grow, ideal for screening in tight spaces. Little to no trimming required.

Cypress



Leyland Cypress

Part shade to full sun

H:40'+ x W:20'+ (Fast growth rate)

Spacing: 3-6'

The fastest growing hedge available. Makes an excellent, dense hedge and can be maintained in size with trimming twice per year, commonly being utilized as a hedge 10' in height or less. Rich, deep-green, finely textured foliage. Drought tolerant. Best planted in areas where not openly exposed to cold, dry, winter winds.



Green Rocket Leyland Cypress

Part shade to full sun

Fast growth rate

H:20-25' x W:6-8'

Spacing: 3-5'

Narrow growing variety of leyland cypress that shares the rapid growth rate of its parent. Deep green, finely textured foliage held on upright ascending branches. Drought tolerant. Minimal pruning required. Can be maintained in size with trimming once to twice per season.

